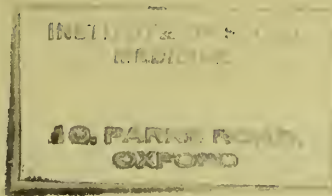


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COUNTY COUNCIL OF WEST LOTHIAN.

ANNUAL REPORT

BY THE

COUNTY MEDICAL OFFICER

FOR THE YEAR 1940.

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P R E F A C E.

In accordance with the requirements of the Department of Health for Scotland, I herewith submit the Annual Report, (in abbreviated form), on the Health Services of the County of West Lothian for the year 1940.

In May, 1940, Dr Richardson, who had been County Medical Officer since 1928, died very suddenly. Never too robust in health, the additional strain imposed by his numerous war duties proved too much for his strength, but he carried on to the last. He was a faithful servant of the County Council and the result of his work will be seen in many ways for a long time.

As always occurs during a period of war, there was during the year an increase in the amount of cerebro spinal fever, there being 30 cases with 13 deaths in 1940, as against one case (which proved fatal) in 1939. The cases all occurred in different areas and no connection could be traced between them.

Diphtheria also showed an increased incidence from 264 cases in 1939 to 389 in 1940. This was very largely due to epidemics in the Burghs of Bathgate and Bo'ness, where the numbers increased from 5 to 53 and 27 to 68 respectively.

Influenza, although less frequent, 129 cases as against 158 in 1939, was of a more severe type, with the result that the deaths rose from 15 to 37.

The Infant death rate for the year showed a considerable increase, although still remaining below the figure for Scotland as a whole. This was due to the large number of deaths from pneumonia and more particularly from premature birth. The former is largely dependent on the weather, but the increase in the latter is disturbing, inasmuch as it depends to a great extent on the general physical condition of the mother. It indicates that increased supervision will require to be given to the health of the expectant mother. The institution of the Maternity Services Scheme should help in this.

The proportion of confinements attended by doctors and by midwives only, in the different areas, (table page 3), is also interesting in this connection.

The incidence of tuberculosis increased during the year, especially for pulmonary cases in the 15-35 years age group. Whether or not this is due to the deprivations and overstrain of war time it is difficult to say. The tuberculosis death rate also rose considerably.

As will be seen from the table showing the interval between notification and death, 26% of cases were only notified at death and almost 62% died within six months of notification. That so many are not notified until so late in the disease, when no effective remedy can be applied, is a matter which demands attention.

(Sgd). JOHN RIDDELL,

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

COUNTY OF WEST Lothian.

YEAR 1940.

VITAL STATISTICS.

	West Lothian.	Arma- dale.	Bath- gate.	Bo- ness.	Lin- lith- gow.	South Queens- ferry.	Whit- burn.	Land- ward.
Population Census 1931	81426	4854	10097	10095	3666	1798	2440	48476
Pop. Estimated 1940	79470			Not available.				
No. of Births (corrected)	1530	106	166	146	66	42	107	897
Illegitimate (corrected)	63	4	3	6	6	3	2	39
Still Births (corrected)	70	2	8	12	3	4	5	36
Marriages Registered	842	73	110	139	41	38	36	405
No. of Deaths (corrected)	960	62	128	111	59	29	49	522
No. of Deaths of children under 1 year.	117	9	8	6	8	4	7	75

CAUSES OF DEATH.

Typhoid Fever (including para-typhoid)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Measles	5	-	1	1	-	-	-	3
Scarlet Fever	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Whooping Cough	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Diphtheria	8	1	1	3	1	-	1	1
Influenza	37	2	3	4	1	3	5	19
Cerebro Spinal Fever	13	1	1	1	1	1	-	8
Other Epidemic Diseases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tuberculosis of Respir- atory System	31	3	6	3	4	-	1	14
Other Tuberculous Dis.	11	-	2	1	-	-	1	7
Other Infectious and parasitic diseases	10	1	2	2	1	1	-	3
Cancer, malignant dis.	120	8	14	16	6	4	6	66
Diabetes Mellitus	11	1	5	1	-	-	1	3
Other General Diseases, Chronic Poisonings	25	1	3	4	-	2	2	13
Cerebral Haemorrhage, etc.	87	3	12	16	8	3	1	44
Other Dis. of Nervous System and Sense Organs	28	1	2	2	3	3	7	10
Heart Disease	207	15	31	26	14	6	9	106
Other Circulatory Dis.	18	1	2	3	1	1	1	9
Bronchitis	47	4	5	5	2	-	1	30
Pneumonia (All Forms)	57	1	7	4	6	1	3	35
Other Respiratory Dis.	15	2	3	-	2	-	-	8
Gastric & Duodenal Ulcer	8	1	-	1	-	-	1	5
Diarrhoea etc. (All ages)	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	3
Appendicitis	5	-	1	1	-	-	-	3
Cirrhosis of Liver	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	2
Other Dis. of Liver, etc.	7	-	1	2	-	-	1	3
Other Digestive Diseases	11	1	3	1	1	-	1	4
Acute and Chronic Nephritis	25	-	6	1	2	-	-	16
Other Dis. of Genito- urinary system	9	2	1	1	2	1	-	2
Puerperal Sepsis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Puerperal Causes	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Dis. of Skin & Locomotor System	10	1	-	1	-	-	-	8
Congen. Debil. Prem. Birth, etc.	59	7	2	4	2	2	4	38
Old Age	33	2	5	-	-	-	-	26
Suicide	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Other Violence	40	3	5	6	1	1	3	21
Causes Ill-defined or un- known	6	-	2	-	1	-	-	3
	960	62	128	111	59	29	49	522

BIRTH/

BIRTH AND DEATH RATES FOR COUNTY.

(Landward & Burghal) per 1,000 Population.

	1939	1940	Scotland. (1940)
Birth Rate (Corrected)	18.8	18.5	17.1
Death Rate (All Causes) corrected	7.8	10.2	14.9
Death Rate (Tuberculosis) corrected43	.53	.82
Infantile Mortality Rate (per 1,000 Births)	63.	76.	78.

AGES AT DEATH.

Number of Deaths in the various age groups during 1940.

	West Lothian County	Arma- dale Burgh	Bath- gate Burgh	Bo' ness Burgh	Linlith- gow Burgh	S. Queens- ferry Burgh	Whit- burn Burgh	Land- ward Area
Under 1	117	9	8	6	8	4	7	75
1-4	38	2	5	4	1	-	3	23
5-9	11	1	2	-	2	1	2	3
10-14	6	-	-	2	-	-	-	4
15-24	32	2	7	3	3	-	3	14
25-34	36	5	2	3	1	2	2	21
35-44	41	3	2	4	4	3	4	21
45-54	84	6	15	12	2	3	4	42
55-64	171	11	27	23	12	5	8	85
65-74	227	15	34	34	8	6	11	119
75-84	154	5	19	19	15	2	5	89
85 and over	43	3	7	1	3	3	-	26
All ages	960	62	128	111	59	29	49	522

MEDICAL SERVICES.

I. MATERNITY & CHILD WELFARE.

The provisions contained in the combined Scheme for Maternity & Child Welfare will be found in the Report for the year 1930.

BIRTHS.	West Lothian	Arma- dale	Bath- gate	Bo' ness	Linlith- gow	S. Queens- ferry	Whit- burn	Land- ward
Number Registered	1244	83	139	123	40	31	91	737
Number attended by Doctors	665	82	85	17	25	13	56	387
Number attended by Midwives	579	1	54	106	15	18	35	350
Number of Emergency cases attended by Doctors	130	-	14	28	-	3	18	67

Thirty private midwives practised in the area during 1940.

Of the 41 Still Births registered in the area, 15 occurred in the practices of midwives.

Infantile Mortality - Year 1940.

Deaths classified according to Age Groups.

	<u>Under</u> <u>1 week.</u>	<u>1 to</u> <u>4 weeks.</u>	<u>1 to 3</u> <u>months</u>	<u>3 to 6</u> <u>months.</u>	<u>6 to 12</u> <u>months.</u>	<u>Total</u>
Atelectasis	1	-	-	-	-	1
Spina Bifida	-	-	-	-	1	1
Measles	-	-	-	-	2	2
Whooping Cough	-	-	1	-	-	1
Diphtheria	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tuberculous Disease ..	-	-	-	-	1	1
Meningitis	1	-	-	2	3	6
Influenza	-	-	-	-	-	-
Convulsions.	-	-	1	-	2	3
Pneumonia	1	2	5	9	7	24
Bronchitis	-	1	2	2	2	7
Diarrhoea and Enteritis	-	1	-	1	1	3
Other Digestive Diseases	-	-	-	-	-	-
Congenital Malformation	5	1	2	-	-	8
Congenital Heart	2	2	1	1	-	6
Premature Birth	27	8	1	-	-	36
Atrophy, Debility and Marasmus	1	4	-	2	1	8
Suffocation & Overlaying	-	-	-	-	-	-
All Other Causes	3	3	2	-	2	10
	41	22	15	17	22	117

Maternal Mortality.

- (a) Deaths from Puerperal Fever 0.
 (b) Deaths from other Puerperal Causes 1.

Home Visitation.

	<u>Number of New</u> <u>Cases Visited.</u>	<u>Total Visits to</u> <u>all Cases.</u>
Infants	1315	11865
Children 1 to 5 years	779	11693
Expectant Mothers	626	2421

Clinics.

Armadale Clinic meets every Thursday from 2.15 to 4.30 p.m.

Bathgate Clinic meets at Mid Street School every Thursday
from 2 to 5 p.m.

Blackburn Clinic meets at Miners' Welfare Institute every
second Thursday from 2 to 4 p.m.

Bo'ness Clinic meets at Duchess Nina-Home every Thursday from
3 to 4.30 p.m.

Fauldhouse Clinic meets at Miners' Welfare Institute every
second Thursday from 2 to 4 p.m.

Linlithgow Clinic meets at Masonic Hall every Wednesday
from 3 to 4 p.m.

Attendances/

C L I N I C S.						
<u>Arma-</u>	<u>Bath-</u>	<u>Black-</u>	<u>Bo-</u>	<u>Fauld-</u>	<u>Lin-</u>	
<u>:dale.</u>	<u>:gate.</u>	<u>:burn.</u>	<u>:ness.</u>	<u>:House</u>	<u>:lithgow</u>	

ATTENDANCES.(a) No. of children attending

1. Under one year	122	125	31	180	70	36
2. Over one year	62	43	29	52	3	-

(b) Total No. of Attendances of Children.

1. Under one year	740	1018	213	283	188	186
2. Over one year	180	174	38	156	5	-

(c) Expectant Mothers.

Total Attendances	14	2	0	0	0	0
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SUPPLY OF FOOD AND MILK.

Quantity and cost of Milk and other food supplied under Maternity and Child Welfare Scheme to expectant and nursing mothers and children under five years of age during the year ended 31st December, 1940.

(1) No. of persons supplied with milk and other food preparations	Mothers -	12.
	Children -	15.
(2) Milk - Standard	Mothers -	88 $\frac{1}{2}$
Total quantity supplied (galls.)	Children -	171 $\frac{3}{4}$
(3) Other Food Preparations -		
Oatflour	Children -	4 lbs.
Olive Oil	Children -	8 lbs.
(4) Total cost to Local Authority (2)	£27.	5. 5d
(3)	1.	4. 4d
	£28.	9. 9d

Twelve Maternity Outfits were supplied during the course of the year.

Ophthalmia Neonatorum.

(a) Number of cases notified		
1. By doctors	1	
2. By Midwives	1	
3. By Institutions	0	
(b) No. of cases in which infection is gonococcal ..	2	
(c) No. treated in residential institutions ..	2	
(d) No. of cases in which there is an appreciable loss of vision	0	

Puerperal Fever and Puerperal Pyrexia.

	<u>Puerperal</u> <u>Fever.</u>	<u>Puerperal</u> <u>Pyrexia.</u>
1. Notified by Doctors	3	5
2. Notified by Midwives	4	2
3. Admitted to Hospital	6	5
4. No. of Deaths	-	-

II. SCHOOL CHILDREN The Report of the School Medical Officer is issued separately.

III. INFECTIOUS DISEASES The cases notified during the year are shown on the appended table.

	<u>Lehd-</u> <u>:ward</u>	<u>Arma-</u> <u>:dale</u>	<u>Bath-</u> <u>:gate</u>	<u>Bo'-</u> <u>:ness</u>	<u>LIn-</u> <u>:lith-</u> <u>:Gow.</u>	<u>South</u> <u>Queens-</u> <u>:ferry</u>	<u>Whit-</u> <u>:burn</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>1940.</u>	<u>Not</u> <u>admitted</u> <u>to Hosp.</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>1939.</u>
Cerebro Spinal Fever	19	2	2	3	1	1	2	30	2	1
Diphtheria	213	17	53	68	11	2	25	389	3	264
Dysentery	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
Encephalitis Lethargica	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	4
Erysipelas	34	3	2	8	-	5	4	56	37	80
Malaria	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	4	1	6
Pneumonia Acute Influenzal	10	1	3	1	-	9	2	26	21	19
Pneumonia Acute Primary	44	9	23	8	1	2	15	102	50	139
Poliomyelitis Acute	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-
Fuereperal Fever	3	-	1	2	-	-	-	6	1	5
Fuereperal Pyrexia	6	-	1	-	-	-	-	7	2	14
Scarlet Fever	99	11	46	4	4	-	16	180	12	214
Tuberculosis Pulmonary	38	3	7	5	5	3	3	64	14	52
Tuberculosis Non-										
Pulmonary	30	2	4	6	3	-	10	55	20	43
Typhoid Fever	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	4	1	4
	504	49	144	109	25	22	77	930	164	848

Diphtheria antitoxin is provided by the local Authority to medical practitioners free of charge.

HOSPITALSStatistics for the Year to 31st December, 1940

	Tippethill	Bo'ness
<u>A. In-patients</u>		
1. Total Number of Admissions	509	243
2. Total Number of Discharges	488	210
3. Total Number of Deaths	22	14
4. Average duration of stay of patients included in 2 & 3 (days)	26	35
5. <u>Number of Beds occupied</u>		
(a) Average during year	38	23
(b) Highest	61	40
(c) Lowest	11/10/40 20 24/2/40.	31/10/40 11 11/1/40.
6. <u>Number of Surgical Operations</u>		
(a) Under general or spinal anaesthesia	-	3
(b) Other operations	-	1
<u>B. Nursing</u>		
Matron	1	1
Trained Nurses	4	3
Probationers	13	5
Assistant Nurses (Unregistered)	-	-
<u>Average No. of hours of duty per week.</u>		
Matron	56	52
Trained Nurses	48	52 (Day) 74 (Night)
Probationers	56	do.
Assistant Nurses (Unregistered)	-	-

IV. TUBERCULOSIS SCHEME

The following is a summary of the treatment provided:-

1. Admission to Sanatorium if required.
2. Admission of advanced cases to Tippethill and Bo'ness Fever Hospitals when nursing conditions at home are unsuitable. Nineteen cases were admitted during the year to Tippethill and 12 to Bo'ness.
3. Provision of medical comforts, i.e. Food as an addition to ordinary diet. Twelve patients were supplied during the year at a cost of £48:4:2d.
4. Provision of Drugs, (including Cod Liver Oil Emulsion or Malt, Dressings and Apparatus). Eight patients were supplied with these in the course of the year at a cost of £11:13:8d.
5. Provision of travelling expenses in special cases for patients travelling to Edinburgh for "Light Treatment." There were nine patients this year and the cost was £37:14:4d.
6. Provision, in doubtful cases, for examination by X-ray. Sixteen cases were so examined during the year.

Area.	Notified in 1940.		Total Cases in Area.	
	<u>Pul-</u> <u>monary.</u>	<u>Non-Pul-</u> <u>monary.</u>	<u>Pul-</u> <u>monary.</u>	<u>Non-Pul-</u> <u>monary.</u>
Landward	38	30	110	118
Armadales	3	2	5	9
Bathgate	7	4	23	14
Bolness	5	6	20	28
Linlithgow	5	3	5	6
South Queensferry ..	3	-	7	3
Whitburn	3	10	6	25
	64	55	176	203

Number of cases of Tuberculosis notified during the last ten years -

Year.	Males.		Females.		Totals.	
	<u>Pul-</u> <u>monary.</u>	<u>Non-</u> <u>Pulmonary.</u>	<u>Pul-</u> <u>monary.</u>	<u>Non-</u> <u>Pulmonary.</u>	<u>Pul-</u> <u>monary.</u>	<u>Non-</u> <u>Pulmonary.</u>
1931	27	37	37	33	64	70
1932	38	41	36	38	74	79
1933	43	34	37	23	80	57
1934	32	36	33	25	65	61
1935	25	31	24	33	49	64
1936	29	41	17	23	46	64
1937	17	29	28	25	45	54
1938	23	27	27	21	50	48
1939	26	25	26	18	52	43
1940	32	19	32	36	64	55

NUMBER OF PERSONS RESIDENT IN THE AREA AT 31st DECEMBER, 1940, WHO WERE KNOWN TO BE SUFFERING FROM TUBERCULOSIS.

	<u>Under</u> <u>5.</u>	<u>5 &</u> <u>under</u> <u>10.</u>	<u>10 &</u> <u>under</u> <u>15.</u>	<u>15 &</u> <u>under</u> <u>25.</u>	<u>25 &</u> <u>under</u> <u>35.</u>	<u>35 &</u> <u>under</u> <u>45.</u>	<u>45 &</u> <u>under</u> <u>65.</u>	<u>65 &</u> <u>up-</u> <u>wards.</u>	<u>Total.</u>
<u>PULMONARY.</u>									
Notified M.	2	2	1	13	5	2	6	1	32
1940. F.	-	-	-	10	14	4	3	1	32
Total in Area. M.	-	5	2	25	21	12	22	1	88
(31.12.40) F.	-	1	1	31	36	13	6	-	88
<u>NON-PULMONARY.</u>									
Notified M.	4	5	2	5	1	2	-	-	19
1940. F.	5	12	8	7	4	-	-	-	36
Total in Area. M.	4	22	24	19	8	7	8	1	93
(31.12.40) F.	8	21	19	28	21	6	6	1	110

SANATORIUM TREATMENT.

	<u>In Sanatoria</u> <u>on 1st Jan.</u> <u>1940.</u>	<u>Admitted</u> <u>during</u> <u>1940.</u>	<u>Discharged</u> <u>or died</u> <u>during 1940.</u>	<u>In Sanatoria</u> <u>on 31st Dec.,</u> <u>1940.</u>
Males	12	34	30	16
Females	7	35	30	12
Children	3	13	7	9
	22	82	67	37

Seventy-five cases treated during 1940 suffered from Pulmonary Tuberculosis and twenty-nine from Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis.

After/

After-care of Surgical Tuberculosis. There is an arrangement whereby cases suffering from tuberculosis of bones and joints, after treatment in East Fortune Sanatorium, are examined periodically by the consulting surgeon of the Sanatorium. These cases are mostly discharged with the progress of the disease arrested, but where a controlling apparatus is still necessary.

The Tuberculosis Officer and the Surgeon together make examinations of these cases in Edinburgh and keep them under observation until the apparatus can be discarded.

NUMBER OF PERSONS WHO DIED FROM TUBERCULOSIS IN THE AREA
DURING THE YEAR, WITH PARTICULARS AS TO PERIOD ELAPSING
BETWEEN NOTIFICATION AND DEATH AND BETWEEN DISCHARGE FROM
AN INSTITUTION AND DEATH.

	<u>Pulmonary</u>		<u>Non-pulmonary</u>	
	Males	Females	Males	Females
No. of persons who died from tuberculosis -	12	19	9	2
Of whom				
Not notified or notified only at or after death.....	1	3	6	1
Notified less than one month before death.....	2	2	1	1
Notified from 1 to 3 months before death.....	2	3	-	-
" " 3 to 6 months before death.....	1	2	1	-
" " 6 to 12 months before death.....	2	2	-	-
" " 1 to 2 years before death.....	1	2	-	-
" over 2 years before death	3	5	1	-
No. who die within 28 days after discharge from an Institution...	-	1	-	-
No. who died more than 28 days after discharge from an Institution...	3	2	-	-

V. VENEREAL DISEASES The Scheme for the treatment of persons suffering from venereal disease in the County remains as before.

Patients attend for consultation and treatment at the Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh where they may be admitted to special wards for in-treatment if necessary.

Examinations of specimens are carried out at the Infirmary Laboratory.

Medical practitioners in the County are supplied with the necessary outfits for taking specimens, which are sent to the Clinical Pathologist, Pathological Laboratory, Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh.

CASES ATTENDING CENTRE

	S.		G.		SS.		NSD.		NIL		Total		Grand	Attend-	Approx.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total	ances.	No. still attend.
1940	9	15	22	17	1	-	14	12	26	36	72	80	152	1621	80
1939	18	12	32	17	-	-	30	14	19	34	99	77	176	1842	198

ADMISSIONS TO HOSPITAL.

	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>No. of Days</u>
1940	20	41	61	932
1939	64	97	161	2868

Travelling expenses to and from Edinburgh for treatment were paid in 40 cases, at a cost of £61:12:2d.

VI. SUPPLY OF INSULIN Twelve persons were supplied with insulin during the course of the year.

VII. NURSING OF SICK POOR This is done by the District Nursing Associations who receive grants from the Local Authority. Cases can be admitted to St. Michael's Home.

Dr Candlish, the Medical Officer of the Home reports as follows:-

"The work of the Hospital has been carried out on fairly normal lines, in spite of war-time conditions. There has, however, been greatly increased pressure on the female beds, and we have repeatedly had to refuse admissions owing to being full to capacity. In this connection it was found impossible to transfer to the Hospital, female patients who became ill in the Home, as all the beds were occupied, and we have been compelled to retain these cases in the ordinary wards of the Home."

"This is not desirable, owing to the difficulty in providing adequate nursing facilities, but there was unfortunately no option. Male beds have been almost continuously occupied to capacity, but as there are more beds available on the male side, the difficulties have been less acute than on the female side."

"STAFF During the year, 1 Sister and 2 Nurses resigned, but were replaced without difficulty."

"FOOD There have been no complaints regarding food, either as to quantity or variety, and the patients seem to have accepted the war-time restrictions and rationing quite readily. The chief difficulty in supplies has been in the case of eggs, and a scheme of priority for hospitals would certainly be an advantage."

"AIR RAID PRECAUTIONS The windows of those wards where it is proposed to assemble patients in the event of serious air raids have been fitted with brick baffles to replace the sandbags erected hurriedly at the outbreak of war. Naturally this has meant sacrificing a good deal of light and some ventilation, but no ill effect from this has been observed."

DAY/

"DAY-ROOMS The fact that we have been kept working to the limit of capacity in the wards has once again emphasised the need for provision of some accommodation for those patients who are able to be up in the day time. With the reduced light and ventilation, the atmosphere in the wards on some of the hot summer days has been very bad, and the fact that patients have had to smoke in the wards, instead of a day-room set aside for the purpose, has further helped the vitiation of the atmosphere."

<u>STATISTICS</u>	<u>Men</u>	<u>Women</u>	<u>Children</u>	<u>Total</u>
Patients in Hospital at 31/12/39	26	12	2	40
Admitted during 1940	93	31	2	126
	119	43	4	166
Died during 1940	26	13	-	39
Discharged during 1940	17	9	2	28
Transferred to Home during 1940	32	5	-	37
Transferred to other Hospitals	17	4	1	22
Remaining in Hospital at 31/12/40	27	12	1	40
Average No. in Hospital for 1940	25.1	11.8	1.1	38
Maximum No. in Hospital for 1940	27	13	2	42
Minimum No. in Hospital for 1940	20	9	1	30

Of patients who died all were over 50 years of age, the average being 73 years.

NURSING STAFF

<u>Staff</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>Average hours duty per week</u>
Matron	1	60
Trained Nurses	2	60
Probationers	-	-
Assistant Nurses	6	60
(unregistered)		

VIII. AMBULANCE FACILITIES These remain as stated in the Report for the year 1936.

IX. WORKSHOPS AND WORKPLACES Fifty eight inspections were made during the year. No written notices were required.

X. FOOD SUPPLY - Inspection and Supervision - Twenty samples of foodstuffs apart from milk were taken during the year. One was found to be defective.

Milk was sampled on eighty occasions, eight being found defective.

Sixty dozen chilled eggs were condemned and destroyed as unfit for food.

COUNTY ROOMS,
EDINBURGH, 19th February, 1942.

